

Work-energy principle problem solving strategy.

- 1.
- If there is friction, include both surfaces in the system.
 - F_{FK} is an internal force, therefore it does no work.

$$ME_i = ME_f + \Delta U_{INT.}$$

$$\Delta U_{INT} = F_{FK} \cdot d$$

$$W_{F_{FK}} = -\Delta U_{INT}$$

If you need to calculate F_{FK} :

$$W_{F_{FK}} = F_{FK} \cdot d \cdot \cos(180^\circ)$$

If you need to calculate μ :

$$F_{FK} = \mu_k \cdot F_N$$

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- 2.
- If there is an external force acting on a system:

$$ME_i + W_{NET} = ME_f$$

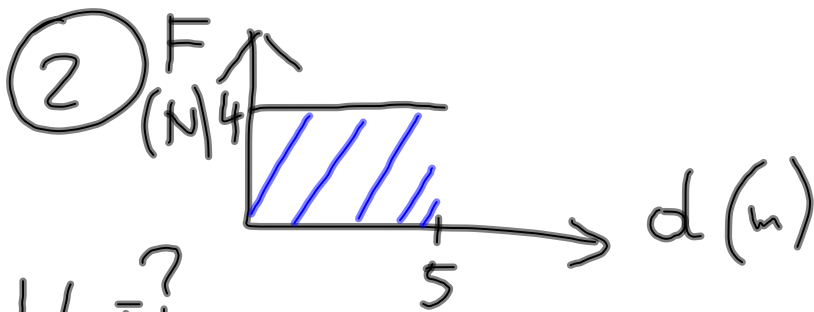
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(1) 200 N $\rightarrow$ $2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ $V_2 = ?$
 $F_g = 100\text{ N}$ $\mu_k = 0.50$ 10 m NO AIR RESISTANCE $g = 10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$ $h = 0$
 $ME_1 + W_{\text{NET}} = ME_2 + \Delta U_{\text{INT}}$
 $K_1 + (200)(10)\cos(0^\circ) = K_2 + F_{\text{fk}}d$

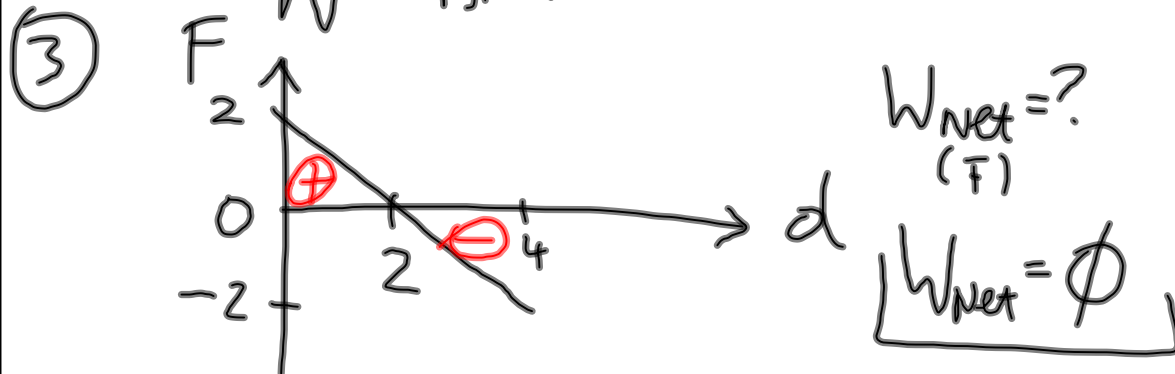
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$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{2}(10)(2^2) + 2,000 &= \frac{1}{2}(10)V_2^2 + \mu_k F_N \\
 20 + 2,000 &= 5V_2^2 + (0.5)(100)(10) \\
 20 + 2,000 - 500 &= 5V_2^2 \\
 1,520 &= 5V_2^2 \\
 V_2 &= 17.4 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$W = \text{AREA UNDER } F-d \text{ GRAPH.}$



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0 m

a) What is the car doing from 0-2 m.
in terms of its speed? *speeding up.*

Why? $\Rightarrow W$ is $(+)$ adding energy.

b) ————— " ————— from 2-4 m?

Why? $\Rightarrow W$ is $(-)$ slowing down.

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